

What's the "job description" of principles of justice?

tell us how to:

→ distribute the burdens and benefits of living in political society



→ arrange our major legal, economic, and political institutions

↳ scheme of social cooperation for mutual advantage
↳ benefit (goods and services) → burdens (costs, taxes, unemployment)

→ judge the actions of the state

↳ coercive authority which enforces distribution of primary goods
↳ who does the state get to treat us this way?
↳ is the state doing enough to help me/preserve my rights?

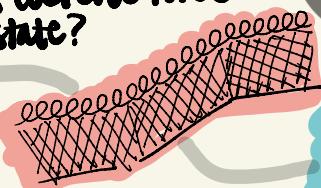


What, if anything, justifies coercive force by the state?



A. Within the State: Punishment

• backwards looking justifications
↳ grounded in what happened in the past
↳ retributivism → rights-based



• forward looking justifications
↳ grounded in what will happen in the future
↳ consequentialism → act consequentialism
↳ hybrid justifications
↳ Dworkin's Due Process View
↳ Dworkin's Communitarian View

B. Within the State: Dangerous Speech

• Standard view: the right to free speech has broad scope

↳ even speech that advocates harming others is protected unless it is
- direct threat (murdering)
- imminent lawless action
- incitement to imminent sedition

• Forward: dangerous speech is violates a neutral duty
↳ by inciting the unintended consequences of others (e.g., the Facebook test)
↳ creates a neutral expectation
↳ fails to meet a neutral standard
↳ some speech that may cause harm must be prohibited



C. At the border: Immigration

D. Beyond the border: Just War

E. Beyond the state: International

• Discretionary coercive exclusion of would-be immigrants is justified (closed borders)

↳ cultural preservation
↳ self-determination
↳ national economy

• coercive exclusion isn't justified open borders

↳ immigration as a human right
↳ libertarianism

F. Beyond the state: Cosmopolitanism vs. Statism

• A. Cosmopolitan Egalitarianism
↳ whether you happen to be born in a rich country or a poor country is not arbitrarily from the moral point of view as whether you happen to be born to rich parents or poor parents
↳ state borders have no fundamental significance for a person's claims of justice
↳ closed borders prevent claims of opportunity at the global level

• B. Cosmopolitan Libertarianism
↳ All persons are self-equals
↳ closed borders interfere with rights of movement among consenting adults (unless those boundaries do not violate the rights of others)

↳ just cause
↳ right intention
↳ proportionality
↳ responsible choice of success

↳ last resort
↳ legitimate authority
↳ publicity
↳ public declaration

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How far should the principles apply?



G. Within the State: Public Sphere vs Private Sphere

A. The Family

• Is the family a part of the basic structure? (Rawls says yes!)
• Is it a voluntary association?
- for parents, presumably yes
- but for children, no
• Is it a threat to equality of opportunity?
↳ also emphasizes the importance of cooperation in household division of labor

B. Religious Practice

• religion also seems like a matter of voluntary association
• the most devout religion endorse major gender inequality
↳ main: leaving room for "private" religious practices; upbringings may conflict w/ requirements of justice

How should we decide which principles to choose?



push left
push right



limits state meddling in the name of freedom



still licenses a lot of state meddling in the name of equality and justice

Which principles are right for the job?

A. Justice as Fairness

↳ grounded in the "two moral powers"
• capacity for a sense of justice
• capacity to form, run, & pursue the projects (members of the group)

1. Liberty Principle

↳ broadest scheme of basic rights and liberties consistent of everyone getting the same scheme

2. Democratic Equality

a) Fair Equality of Opportunity
↳ for those with equal talents + abilities → corrects for social luck
b) Difference Principle
↳ deviations from egalitarianism only ok if to the benefit of the least advantaged → minimizes natural luck